

ANNUAL MEETING PRESENTATION State Project No. 167-108 Heroes' Tunnel Route 15 Wilbur Cross Parkway Through West Rock Ridge Hamden, Woodbridge, New Haven

April 21, 2017



- History of Heroes' Tunnel Construction
- Recent Inspection
- Current Project Underway
- Next Steps

Presenters:

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Original Tunnel Alternatives

- Single Bore 26'-6" wide
- Single Bore 52'-6" wide

• Twin Bores – each 26'-6" wide (selected as the most cost effective alternative)



Project Inactive During WWII





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Post War - Tunnel Design

- Parsons, Brinkerhoff, Hogan, and MacDonald prepared design plans
- 1200' long
- Twin Bores each with 23' roadway and 2'-6" curbs
- Traffic estimate 13,000 (1950)
- Adv. December 1947, Award Jan 1948
- Contractors L.G. Defelice & Gull Contracting
- Construction March 1948 November 1949
- Cost approximately \$2.0 Million



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Placing Reinforcing













Bronze Plaque



Completed East Portals





PE Study – Project No. 167-103

- CDM Smith retained in 2007 to perform inspection and develop rehabilitation alternatives for structural and drainage deficiencies.
- Initial report detailed methods and cost to replace tunnel lining and waterproofing, elec./mech. systems
- Subsequent iterations of the report detailed construction alternatives and associated traffic implications







Existing Conditions

Significant Deterioration

- Prior Biennial Reports
- CDM Smith Inspection/Study

Peak Hour Congestion
Recurring Bottlenecks

 Emergency Response Constraints

Fire Safety System - None





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Tunnels

Ground Water Infiltration

- Walls/Ceiling Stalagmites
- Freeze/Thaw Conditions
- Falling Icicles
- Cross Section Deficient
 - 26' Existing Width
 - 50' Required (2 Lanes)



 Frequent Maintenance Requires Tunnel Closures – Shifting Traffic





 Tunnel Cross Sections Cause Traffic Slowdown

- Driver Perceptions
- Peripheral Vision Changes Abruptly
- Paved Shoulders Non-Existent
- Northbound Uphill Flow Impacted Most













































~ Scale 4-1-0-













 Rehabilitation of Tunnel Evaluated in 2014 Report

- Significant Traffic Impacts During Lane Closures

- Geometrics Not Correctable Within Existing Tunnel Widths

Vehicle Speeds Through Tunnel Impacted

Narrowness of Tunnel Causes Reduced Speeds

- Structural Integrity of Tunnels – Ground Water Infiltration



Rehabilitation Limits Benefits of Tunnels

- Future Service Life
- Future Traffic Flow Capacity

Reconstruction Options Considered





- Traffic Impacts with Rehabilitation
- Closure of One Barrel Miles of Delays

Performance Measure	Unit	Existing Conditions Value	2019 Future Conditions Without Construction Value	2019 Future Conditions During Construction Value		
Throughput Volume	ea	80,619	82,169	75,495		
Average Delay Time Per Vehicle	sec	44.1	49.4	121.3		
Average Speed	mph	55.4	54.3	42.7		
Total Distance Traveled	mi	335,332	341,526	312,305		
Number of Stops	ea	109,123	126,357	275,233		
Total Stopped Delay	h	125.8	155.9	292.9		
Total Travel Time	h	6,048.40	6,286.10	7,313.25		
Total Annual Hours	h	2496	2496	2496		
Total Period Delay	h	987.6	1,127.5	2543.8		
Average Hourly Delay	h	141.9	162.0	365.5		
Total Annual Delay	h	354,167.6	404,359.6	912,245.7		
Increase in Annual Delay	h		50,192.0	507,886.1		



- DOT Analysis
- Traffic Calculations indicate 28 mile backup with travel delay at 252 minutes.
- With 30% volume reductions:
- Traffic calculations show 5.4 mile PM peak queues at 47.4 minute delay.



Detour Routing



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Rehabilitation Reports Summary

- November 2014 Alternative Construction Options Study
- September 2016 Supplement
- Studied Several Options
 - New One-Lane Tunnel
 - New Two-Lane Tunnel
 - Widen Existing Tunnel
 - Close One Existing Tunnel/Detour
 - -Close One Lane in Existing Tunnel
 - -Construction Bypass Tunnel (short)
 - -Construction Bypass Tunnel (long)
- Additional Options to be Explored
- No Build (Do Nothing)

Rehabilitation of the Heroes (West Rock) Tunnel State Project No. 167-103





Prepared for: Connecticut Department of Transportation

November 2014

Prepared by:



November 2014 Report

CDM Smith Evaluated the five tunnel rehabilitation and construction options

- Estimated Anticipated Useful Life
- Recommended Construction Options:

*** BUILD NEW NB TWO LANE TUNNEL**

WIDEN EXISTING SB TUNNEL

* MAINTAIN EXISTING NB TUNNEL – STORAGE/MAINTENANCE





PE Study Alternative Matrix

HIROIS TURNEL CONSTRUCTION SCIMAROS																	
MASTIR SCINARIO DESCUPTON AND CONCEPTUAL COTT STIMATE																	
CONSTRUCTION SCINARIO SUMMARY																	
					Estimated Costs (million \$2019)												
Construction Scenario	Description	New Tunnel Construction Method	Existing Tunnel Rehabilitation Method	Construction Duration (Months)	New 1 Lone Tunnel	New 2 Lane Tunnel	New 3 Lane Tunnel	Enlorged 2 Lone Tunnel	Enlarged 3 Lane Tunnel	Rehabilitate I Tunnel	Rehabilitate 2 Tunnels	Maintenance & Protection of Traffic Detour	Highway Modifications Construction	ROW	Construction Total	Engineering	Project Total
*	Construct a new single barrel tunnel (Option 1) and subsequently rehabilitate both existing barrels in a staggered approach (minimal traffic impact). This results in 5 lanes in the future.	Drill-and-Blast	Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	37	55.2	-	-	-	-	-	25.3	-	12.9	2.5	96.0	10	106.0
81	Construct a new double law single barrel turnel (Option 2) and subsequently rehabilitation and of the two existing barrels (invitual walfic inspace), takandon non-rehabilitated barrel. This results in 4 lanes in the future plus a non-rehabilitated 2-lane tunnel that could potentially be used for storage by installing buildheads at each portal to prevent access of pedecidizions and traffic through the turnel.	Drill-and-Blast	Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	28	-	65.5	-	-	-	12.4	2	E.	17.1	25	97.5	10	107.5
82	Construct a new double lane single barrel tunnel (Option 2) and subsequently rehabilitate both of the two existing barrels (minimal traffic impact). This results in 6 lanes in the future.	Drill-and-Blast	Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	40	-	65.5	-	-	-	00	25.3	-	17.1	2.5	110.4	10	120.4
c	folarge one barrel of the existing turnel (Option 3) and subsequently inhabilitate the other existing barrel (minimal traffic impact). This results in 5 lanes in the future.	-	Enlarged Barrel: Drill-and-Blast with Protective Shield Rehabilitated Barrel: Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	65	**	-	-		67.5	12.4	-	-	20	-	81.9	8	89.9
D	Rehabilitate both of the existing barrels with a complete shutdown of one barrel, followed by a complete shutdown of the other barrel (Option 4). This results in 4 lanes in the future.	-	Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	24	-	-	-		-		24.4	2.3	-	-	26.6	3	29.6
E	Rehabilitate both of the existing barrels with a partial shutdown of one barrel, followed by a partial shutdown of the other barrel (Option 5). This results in 4 lanes in the future.	-	Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	20		-	-	-	-	-	28.5	-		-	28.5	3	31.5
CTDOT ALTERNATIVE #1	Construct new 2 iane northbound barrel. Enlarge the southbound barrel to a 2 iane configuration with additional readway clearance. Rehabilitate the existing northbound barrel for use as a service tunnet.	Drill-and-Blast	Enlarged Barrel: Drill-and Blast with Protective Shield Rehabilitated Barrel: Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	60	**	65.5		47.9		12.4	-	-	17.1	25	145.4	14	159.4
CTDOT ALTERNATIVE #2	Construct new 2 later northbound barrel. Enlarge the southbound barrel to a 3 later configuration. Rehabilitate the existing northbound barrel for use as a service turnel.	Drill-and-Blast	Enlarged Barrel: Drill-and-Blast with Protective Shield Rehabilitated Barrel: Install new drainage system, wateproofing membrane, and protective lining.	65		65.5	-		67.0	12.4	-	-	17.1	25	164.5	16	180.5
CTDOT ALTERNATIVE #3	Construct new 3 lare northbound barrel. Enlarge the southbound barrel to a 2 lane configuration with additional readway clearance. Rehabilitate the existing northbound barrel for use as a service turnel.	Drill-and-Blast	Enlarged Barrel: Drill-and-Blast with Protective Shield Rehabilitated Barrel: Install new drainage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	60		-	93.8	47.9		12.4	-	-	24.0	3.5	181.6	18	199.6
CTDOT ALTERNATIVE #4	Construct new 3 later northbound barrel. Enlarge the southbound barrel to a 3 late configuration. Rehabilitate the existing northbound barrel for use as a service tunnel.	Drill-and-Blast	Enlarged Barrol: Drill and Blast with Protective Shield Rehabilitated Barrel: Install new drahage system, waterproofing membrane, and protective lining.	65	-	-	93.8	-	67.0	12.4		-	24.0	35	200.7	20	220.7

Construction Costs include 15% Construction incidentals and 30 % Conting Engineering Costs are estimated at approximately 10%.

Construction Total Cost includes construction and ROW costs. Project Total Cost includes construction, ROW, and engineering costs.



New tunnel



Additional Option

Supplement to November 2014 Study

Evaluate Potential Construction Bypass Tunnel options

- ✓ Alignment/Geometry
- ✓ Avoid District III
- ✓ Avoid Nature Center
- Construction cost
- Construction duration and sequencing



September 2016 Report

- Construction Bypass Tunnel Alternative
- Estimated Anticipated Useful Life
- Nothing Temporary Allowed Per Standards
- Revised Geometry Minimizes Impacts
- Shorter Tunnel, Potential Steeper Grade



<u>CBT Alternative</u>







TWO LANE CONFIGURATION

Figure 1 Cross Section of New temporary Two lane Tunnel

Tunnel Boring Machine



Figure 2. A Typical Single Shield Segmental Lining Machine Manufactured by Herrenknecht (diameter 29.5 feet) (Source http://www.herrenknecht.com/en/products/core-products/tunnelling-pipelines/single-shield-tbm.html)

Road Header Machine



Enlarge Existing Tunnel



Figure 3.1: Typical Tunnel Enlargement Layout (Tonon 2010)


Tunnel Rehabilitation Issues

- Tunnel Rehab/Replace Constraints
 - District III Salt Shed
 - New Haven Nature Center
 - West Rock Ridge State Park
- Detouring Traffic!
- Crossover To Adjacent Tunnel Single Lane
 - Only At Night
 - Otherwise, Traffic Backups for Miles



Purpose Of Current Project

- To correct current overall rating of "Poor" determined by periodic inspections
- Tunnel is currently inspected on a yearly basis (biennial and special inspections)
- Current "Poor" rating not an indication of an imminent safety issue, but rather identifies the need for action before a more serious condition develops
- Project scope is anticipated to include rehabilitation and/or reconstruction to address structural and geometric deficiencies.



Current Project No. 167-108

- Independent Utility from Exit 59
- Prepare Additional Studies for Alternative Analyses
- Screen Alternatives
- NEPA, Preliminary Design
- Early Work Geotech/Surveys



Environmental Document/Process

Prepare Environmental Document

- Alternative Analysis Including No Build
- NEPA/CEPA Processes
- Potential Environmental Impacts of All Alternatives
- West Rock Nature Center/West Rock Ridge State Park
- Public Outreach

Preliminary Design

- Preferred Alternative
- Construction Staging
- Impacts





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Existing Environmental Resources



Public Involvement – Support Process

Includes:

- Community Advisory Committee
- Identification and Engagement of Stakeholders
- Project Website and Social Media
- Email Bulletins to Interested Citizens and Community Groups



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